Threads: Java

What is a Thread?

- facility to allow multiple activities to coexist within a single process.
 - Represents a separate path of execution of a group of statements
- Java is the first language to include threading within the language, rather than treating it as a facility of the OS

Video Game example

- 1.one thread for graphics
 2.one thread for user interaction
 3.one thread for networking
- Server Example
 - 1.Do various jobs
 - 2.Handle Several Clients

Main Thread

Default Thread in any Java Program
 JVM uses to execute program statements
 <u>Program To Find the Main Thread</u>

Class Current

public static void main(String args[])

Thread t=Thread.currentThread(); System.out.println("Current Thread: "+t); System.out.println("Name is: "+t.getName()); Output: C:\> javac Current.java C:\>java Current Current Thread: Thread[main,5,main] Name is: main

Threads in Java

- Creating threads in Java:
- Extend java.lang.Thread class
 - run() method must be overridden (similar to main method of sequential program)
 - run() is called when execution of the thread begins
 - □ A thread terminates when run() returns
 - start() method invokes run()
- OR

4

Implement java.lang.Runnable interface

Life cycle of a Thread



New

The thread is in new state if you create an instance of Thread class but before the invocation of start() method.

🖾 Runnable

The thread is in runnable state after invocation of start() method, but the thread scheduler has not selected it to be the running thread.

Running

The thread is in running state if the thread scheduler has selected it.

Non-Runnable (Blocked)

This is the state when the thread is still alive, but is currently not eligible to run.

A thread is in terminated or dead state when its run() method exits.

Thread Priority

7

Each thread is assigned a default priority of Thread.NORM_PRIORITY (constant of 5).

You can reset the priority using setPriority(int priority).

Some constants for priorities include:

- o Thread.MIN_PRIORITY
- o Thread.MAX_PRIORITY

o Thread.NORM_PRIORITY

By default, a thread has the priority level of the thread that created it.

Thread Synchronization

8

A shared resource may be corrupted if it is accessed simultaneously by multiple threads.

Example: two unsynchronized threads accessing the same bank account may cause conflict.

• Known as a *race condition* in multithreaded programs.

A thread-safe class does not cause a race condition in the presence of multiple threads.

Synchronized

9

Obj

Problem : race conditions

Solution : give exclusive access to one thread at a time to code that manipulates a shared object.

Synchronization keeps other threads waiting until the object is available.

The synchronized keyword synchronizes the method so that only one thread can access the method at a time.

public synchronized void xMethod() {
 // method body

t1 (Enters the object)

t2-wait until t1 comes out

Deadlock :

a part of multithreading

Can occur when a thread is waiting for an object lock, that is acquired by another thread and second thread is waiting for an object lock that is acquired by first thread

Since, both threads are waiting for each other to release the lock, the condition is called deadlock



Preventing I	Deadloo	ck			
Deadlock can	be easily	avoided	by resour	ce ordering].
With this tech whose locks r locks are acquire	nique, as nust be a uired in th	sign an o cquired a at order.	rder on all nd ensure	the object that the	S
Example:					
Thread 1:					
lock A	lock B				
Thread 2:					
wait for A Thread 3:	lock C(wher	n A is locked)		
wait for A	wait for B	W	ait for C		

Advantages of Threads:

- easier to program
- provide better performance
- allow any program to perform multiple tasks at once.
- multiple threads can share resources
- an Internet-aware language such as Java, this is a very important tool

References

- http://www.slideshare.net/parag/multithreading-in-java
- https://code.google.com/p/googleappengine/wiki/SdkForJavaReleaseNotes
- http://stackoverflow.com/questions/2213340/what-is-daemon-thread-in-java
- https://github.com/orientechnologies/orientdb/wiki/Java-Multi-Threading
- <u>http://www.javatpoint.com/creating-thread</u>
- http://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/java_multithreading.htm
- http://tutorials.jenkov.com/java-concurrency/creating-and-starting-threads.html
- http://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/concurrency/runthread.html
- http://www.javabeginner.com/learn-java/java-threads-tutorial
- http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/java/
- http://www.javacodegeeks.com/2014/08/java-concurrency-tutorial-visibility-betweenthreads.html

